

## Powerful Chunk Reading 解答例

### Passage 1: Halloween

#### passage reading

1. That dead people came back to life on Halloween. / They [People] believed that dead people came back to life on Halloween.
2. They [People] go to parties or “trick or treat” (on Halloween).
3. They [People] walk around in their neighborhood, knock on doors, and ask for sweets.
4. People [Those who dress up like ghosts or scary skeletons] will play tricks on the [his or her] family.

#### vocabulary check

1. long ago
2. Halloween
3. come back to life
4. trick or treat
5. ghost
6. skeleton
7. dress up
8. neighborhood
9. play tricks

## Passage 2: Money

### passage reading

1. When you buy something or exchange it [money] for something. / It [Money] is usually used to buy something or exchange for something. /
2. Money and some work (are). / Money is exchanged for some work.
3. When [After] you do some work for someone. / You receive some money when [after] you do some work for someone.
4. When they [people] give you something you want (such as food, clothes, or other goods). / You give money to people when they give you something you want (such as food, clothes, or other goods).

### vocabulary check

1. buy
2. exchange
3. work
4. receive
5. clothes
6. goods
7. give

### Passage 3: The Hippo

#### passage reading

1. In water or on land. / It [The hippo] lives in water or on land.
2. It [The hippo] has a round body, short legs, and a very large head. / It [The hippo] is large and round with a big head and short legs.
3. At the upper part of its face. / It [The hippo] has its eyes at the upper part of its face.
4. The hippo's eyes are placed at the upper part of its face. / The hippo's eyes are placed at the upper part of its face, so it can see when only a small part of the head is above the water.

#### vocabulary check

1. hippo
2. in water
3. on land
4. animal
5. round body
6. short legs
7. the upper part of

## Passage 4: A Tea Drinker

### passage reading

1. Tea leaves or tea bags. / They [Tea drinkers] use tea leaves or tea bags to make tea.
2. They [Tea drinkers] use tea leaves when they have time. They use tea bags when they are busy.
3. Tea leaves. / We [You, I] usually choose tea leaves (to make a quality tea).

### vocabulary check

1. a tea drinker
2. make tea
3. tea leaves
4. It depends.
5. quality

## Passage 5: A Nation's Health

### passage reading

1. Each person's (problem). / It [Health] was each person's problem (a long time ago.)
2. Get a doctor. / They [Rich people] got a doctor (to keep healthy).
3. A country. / Your country (does). / Your country needs to protect your health now.
4. Because no one can achieve health (if people live) in an unhealthy society.

### vocabulary check

1. health
2. country
3. pay
4. protect
5. This is because
6. as long as

## Passage 6: A Good Babysitter

### passage reading

1. Take care of children, be kind (to them), and carry out the orders of their parents. / They have to take care of children; be kind (to them); carry out the orders of their parents. (Also, they have to keep the children safe until the parents come home.)
2. The children's parents' (orders). / They [Baby-sitters] have to carry out the orders of the children's parents.
3. Go to bed at an early hour. / They [Children] go to bed at an early hour.
4. To keep (the) children safe until the [their] parents come home.

### vocabulary check

1. babysitter
2. take care of
3. kind
4. orders
5. For example
6. the most important
7. parents

## Passage 7: Mother's Day

### passage reading

1. To wear white carnations to church. / She asked them [her friends] to wear white carnations to church.
2. Her mother died.
3. They [People] give their mothers flowers and Mother's Day cards. (Children help with housework.)
4. It comes in May (in the U.S.).

### vocabulary check

1. about
2. carnation
3. wear
4. church
5. think of
6. origin
7. celebrate
8. May
9. housework
10. help with

## Passage 8: Water on Earth

### passage reading

1. 75 percent (is). / 75 percent of the earth's surface is (covered with water).
2. In the sea. / We [You] can find most of the water on earth in the sea.
3. Less than 1 percent (is). / Less than 1 percent of the water on earth (is used for them).
4. Because it is so precious.

### vocabulary check

1. surface
2. percent
3. However
4. most of it
5. frozen
6. easily
7. less than
8. drinking water
9. precious

## Passage 9: What You can Do by Reading

### passage reading

1. Reading alone. / We [You] can enjoy reading alone.
2. We [You] feel like we're in a different world.
3. We [You] can communicate with people from thousands of years ago. We [You] can spend time with great people from different times and places.

### vocabulary check

1. activity
2. alone
3. fun
4. feel like
5. modern age
6. communicate
7. normal
8. great people
9. spend time with

## Passage 10: Goals of Education

### passage reading

1. First, in order to share knowledge. Second, in order to get ready for your social life. /One reason for having education is to share knowledge. Second reason is to get ready for your social life.
2. We [You] get knowledge from the past, work on that knowledge today, and add to it for the future.
3. Work together with other people. / Learn how to work together with other people. /We [You] need to learn how to work together with other people.

### vocabulary check

1. education
2. reason
3. First
4. knowledge
5. share
6. through
7. work on
8. get ready
9. do well

## Passage I I: Conditions for Plants to Live

### passage reading

1. Plants. / We [You] will find plants.
2. Soil (that gives them enough minerals), temperatures (that are warm part of the year), and water. / They [Plants] need soil that gives them enough minerals, temperatures that are warm (part of the year), and water.
3. (Enough) minerals. / It [Soil] gives them [plants] (enough) minerals.
4. Warm temperatures. / Temperatures that are warm part of the year.

### vocabulary check

1. surely
2. stay alive
3. condition
4. mineral
5. soil
6. temperature
7. healthy
8. specific
9. needs

## Passage 1 2: A Dollar Bill

### passage reading

1. (That) “paper” money isn’t made out of paper.
2. It [“Paper” money] is made out of cloth, because it [cloth] is stronger than paper.
3. (Mainly) cotton and (partly) linen (are) (used for the “paper” money).
4. Cuttings from blue jeans are part of the secret “paper” that make up money [the US dollar].

### vocabulary check

1. dollar
2. secret
3. be surprised
4. cloth
5. strong
6. cotton
7. linen
8. cuttings
9. make up

## Passage 13: The Sense of Smell

### passage reading

1. Memories from the past. / It [The ability to smell] allows you [us] to remember memories from the past.
2. We [You] may lose the sense of smell.
3. Smell (is) (more closely connected to your food preferences than taste).

### vocabulary check

1. the sense of smell
2. ability
3. memory
4. emotional response
5. trigger
6. likes and dislikes
7. sign
8. imagine

## Passage 14: Ants are like Humans

### passage reading

1. Studying about ants. / They [Scientists] are very much interested in studying about ants.
2. They [Scientists] feel that ants are really like humans.
3. (That) the ant is a social insect. / It [A science book] tells us that the ant is a social insect.
4. It means [You mean, I mean] that ants live in society and they depend on one another in their social life.

### vocabulary check

1. scientist
2. ant
3. be interested in
4. like
5. social insect
6. one another
7. depend on

## Passage 15: Electricity

### passage reading

1. When you comb your hair. / You can (sometimes) make electricity when you comb your hair.
2. A crackling sound. / You sometimes hear [You may hear] a crackling sound.
3. It [Your hair, Some of your hair] may (even) stand straight up.
4. Lightning (is).

### vocabulary check

1. comb
2. electricity
3. crackling sound
4. stand straight up
5. sign
6. lighting
7. a kind of

## Passage 16: How Sound Travels

### passage reading

1. (In) waves. / They [Sounds and music] travel in waves.
2. (They get there,) through the tunnel in your ear. / Sound waves get to the middle ear, through the tunnel in your ear.
3. They [Small bones in the middle ear] vibrate.
4. You are hearing something. / What you are hearing. / Your brain tells you what you are hearing.

### vocabulary check

1. travel in waves.
2. tunnel
3. enter
4. pass through
5. vibrate
6. nerve
7. catch
8. message

## Passage 17: Shakespeare

### passage reading

1. Plays and their writers. / It [England] is well known for her plays and their writers.
2. He [William Shakespeare] is the most famous play writer (from England).
3. He [William Shakespeare] is so famous that it's not easy to find someone [an intellectual person] who doesn't know his name.
4. He [Shakespeare] is the greatest name in English literature (not only for the English people, but also for people from the whole world.)

### vocabulary check

1. play
2. writer
3. famous
4. William Shakespeare
5. intellectual
6. actor
7. culture
8. symbol
9. English literature

## Passage 18: Computers

### passage reading

1. Your best (school) friend. / Among your best school friends. / It [A computer] is [maybe] among your best school friends.
2. When you want to write reports, create charts and graphs, or check spelling and grammar. / You depend on them [computers] when you want to....
3. When you tackle your weak points. / You [We, I] want computers to assist you [us, me] when you [we, I] tackle your [our, my] weak points.
4. They [Computers] can play games with you.

### vocabulary check

1. best friend
2. report
3. chart and graph
4. spelling
5. grammar
6. subject
7. weak area
8. assist
9. Moreover,

## Passage 19: Rainforests

### passage reading

1. Near the equator. / They [Rain forests] grow near the equator.
2. The north half and the south half of the earth.
3. Temperatures are high and it rains almost every day.
4. About half the world's plants and animals (will).

### vocabulary check

1. rainforest
2. the equator
3. jungle
4. between
5. temperature
6. almost every day
7. wild animal
8. condition
9. In fact,

## Passage 20: Magnets

### passage reading

1. Push or pull one another. / They [The two magnets] will push or pull one another.
2. It [A magnet] has a north pole and a south pole at its ends [at either end].
3. When you put them [two magnets] together, and the same poles point toward one another. / They [Two magnets] push away from each other when they are put together and the same poles point toward one another.
4. When you put them [two magnets] together, and different poles point toward one another. / They [Two magnets] pull toward each other when they are put together and different poles point toward one another.

### vocabulary check

1. magnet
2. push or pull
3. either end
4. north pole
5. south pole
6. point toward

## Passage 21: Breakfast

### passage reading

1. Pastries, donuts, or granola bars (are not good for breakfast).
2. Because they have lots of sugar, fat, but nothing good for the health.
3. Have breakfast that has enough protein. / We [You, I] should have breakfast that has enough protein. / We [You, I] should have breakfast to get (enough) protein.
4. We [You, I] (may) get hungry, and (maybe) we [you, I] can't focus on anything in school.

### vocabulary check

1. pastry
2. donut
3. it doesn't mean
4. enough
5. protein
6. fifth-grader
7. hungry
8. focus on

## Passage 22: Credit Cards

### passage reading

1. Enjoy an expensive dinner or a spa hotel. / You can enjoy an expensive dinner or a spa hotel.
2. How much money you have with you. / You don't worry about how much money you have with you.
3. (That) you may use more money than necessary. / The problem is that you may use more money than necessary. (And you may not even know it.)
4. (The advice is:) Be careful and check how much you have at the bank at the end of each month.

### vocabulary check

1. credit cards
2. helpful
3. items
4. expensive
5. spa hotel
6. worry
7. more than necessary
8. check

## Passage 23: Advertisements

### passage reading

1. About 2,000 (ads). / They saw a bout 2,000 (ad messages) a day.
2. About 5,000 (ads). / We see about 5,000 (ads) a day (these days).
3. Online ads. / We see online ads today. (There was nothing like that 30 years ago.)
4. Because their images are so strong.

### vocabulary check

1. ads
2. message
3. magazine
4. online
5. include
6. notice
7. memory
8. stay

## Passage 24: Technological Tools

### passage reading

1. (That) we have less leisure time than before, (though we use technological tools to make our lives easier). / It is suggested that we have less leisure time than before, ....
2. (We use) the Internet, email, and cell phones.
3. We are working longer hours and taking fewer holidays.
4. Because these (technological) tools are destroying the idea of privacy. / Because we lose privacy by using [when we use] the Internet, email, and cell phones.

### vocabulary check

1. study
2. technological
3. tool
4. leisure time
5. cell phone
6. because of
7. holiday
8. privacy
9. idea
10. destroy

## Passage 25: The Shape of the Earth

### passage reading

1. (That) the earth was flat. / They believed that the earth was flat.
2. By learning about the fact. / You go to school and learn the fact that the earth is round in your geography class.
3. He [Magellan] completed a long journey in the sea. / He sailed all the way around the world (in his ship Trinidad).
4. It [His sailing around the world] showed that the earth is round.

### vocabulary check

1. For thousands of years,
2. the earth
3. flat
4. Portuguese
5. journey
6. complete
7. around the world
8. sail